

# Hiding From Generative AI

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# Motivation: Copyright Concerns Cause Pushback Against Generative AI

- ▶ The power of generative AI lies in its extensive training on a substantial volume of data, much of which consists of copyrighted materials.
- ▶ Multiple copyright lawsuits across different industries:
  1. Andersen v. Stability AI Ltd.: Artists against AI companies
  2. Doe v. GitHub: Programmers against GitHub
  3. Authors Guild v. OpenAI: Authors including George Martin (Game of Thrones) sue OpenAI
- ▶ Anti-AI protests on online art platforms: DeviantArt, ArtStation, LOFTER

**How do copyright concerns impact the decision of creators?**

# Motivation: Why Is This Question Important?

## Relevant to knowledge spillover

- ▶ May discourage future human innovation due to restricted access to existing content  
Murray&Stern 2007, Williams 2013, Galasso&Schankerman 2015, Nagaraj 2018, Biasi&Moser 2021
- ▶ Could harm future productivity of AI: AI models can collapse if it is trained on AI-generated content  
Shumailov, Shumaylov, Zhao, Gal, Papernot, Anderson 2023

# This Paper

How do copyright concerns impact the decision of creators?

Find an empirical setting to answer this question

- ▶ DeviantArt, a leading online arts platform
  - ▶ Artists display and sell artworks
  - ▶ Companies (ad, games, etc) recruit employees
  - ▶ One of the largest platforms
- ▶ Nov 11, 2022: DeviantArt introduced DreamUp, an AI image generator

**“Confused artists discover their work will be used for AI training by default.”**

—— *Ars Technica*, Nov 11, 2022



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Why choose this platform?

1. Earliest copyright concerns on online art platform
2. Much attention on ongoing lawsuit (Andersen v. Stability AI Ltd.)

## Main Findings

1. Diff-in-diff: 21% decline in publication volume of non-AI digital artists
2. Multi-homing artists: only withhold artworks on DeviantArt, not on Instagram
3. No evidence of quality change in published artworks

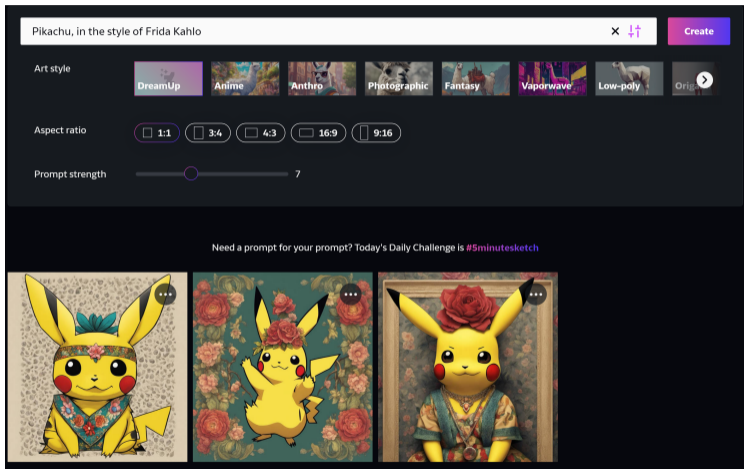
# Timeline

There are 3 other well-known AI image generators: Stable Diffusion, Midjourney and DALL-E 2.

1. 12 July 2022: Midjourney image generation platform first entered open beta
2. 22 August 2022: Stability AI announced the public release of stable diffusion
3. 28 September 2022: DALL-E 2 was opened to anyone, and the waitlist requirement was removed
4. **11 November 2022: DreamUp (based on Stability AI) was introduced on DeviantArt**
5. 30 November 2022: ChatGPT released

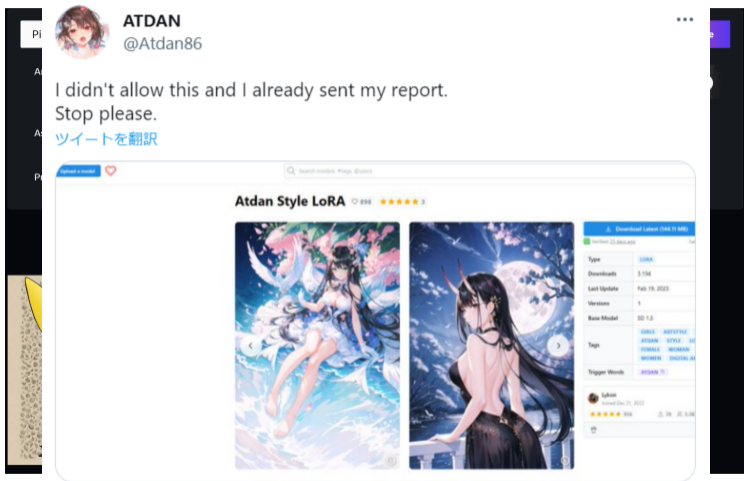
# Features of AI Image Generators

- ▶ Can specify style of a particular artist
- ▶ Time-efficient
  - ▶ 60 seconds for 3 artworks
- ▶ Cheap
  - ▶ < 10 cents per prompt



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The image shows a social media post from a user named ATDAN (@Atdan86). The user's profile picture is a chibi-style anime girl. The tweet text reads: "I didn't allow this and I already sent my report. Stop please. ツイートを翻訳". Below the tweet is a screenshot of a website page for a LoRA model titled "Atdan Style LoRA". The page shows two anime-style illustrations: one of a girl with large white wings and another of a girl with long black hair and horns. To the right of the images is a metadata table for the LoRA model.

Download Latest (144.11 MB)	
Type	LoRA
Downloads	3,156
Last Update	Feb 19, 2023
Versions	1
Base Model	SD 1.5
Tags	anime, anime-style, atdan, style, 2d, female, japanese, chinese
Trigger Words	atdan

**Data**

# Data

7118 artists from daily featured section on DeviantArt

## 1. Information on DeviantArt

- ▶ Artists demographics
- ▶ History of publication: publish date; number of views, downloads, favorites, comments; description and tags
- ▶ Other platforms they are using

## 2. Information on Instagram

- ▶ Obtain data of professional/business accounts
- ▶ History of publication: publish date; number of likes, comments; description and tags


Dbn of Multi-homing Artists	Artists%
Instagram	63%
Twitter	51%
Facebook	38%
YouTube	22%
Tumblr	21%
Fraction of Multi-homing artists	77%

# Data: Identify AI Artworks

Title, Tags, Description

Support my work and get exclusive perks [View Subscriptions](#)

[Add to Favourites](#) [Comment](#) [Share](#) [Download](#)

 **Midjourney 4967**  
by **Javier-LLuesma** PRO [+ Watch](#)

★ 41 Favourites    💬 2 Comments    👁 1.7K Views

ai digitalart digitalartwork digitalillustration digitalpainting exclusive  
premium prompt superior lluesma aiart artworkdigital midjourney  
midjourneyart midjourneyartwork Less




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midjourneyart midjourneyartwork Less

89% Non-AI Artists  
11% AI Artists

all artist time trend

## Identification Strategy

# Identification Strategy: Difference-in-Differences

## Control Group:

Non-AI Artists specialize in **Artisan Crafts**

- ▶ Usually hand-made
- ▶ Jewelries, dolls, cross stitch, etc.
- ▶ **Less exposed to AI**



## Treatment Group:

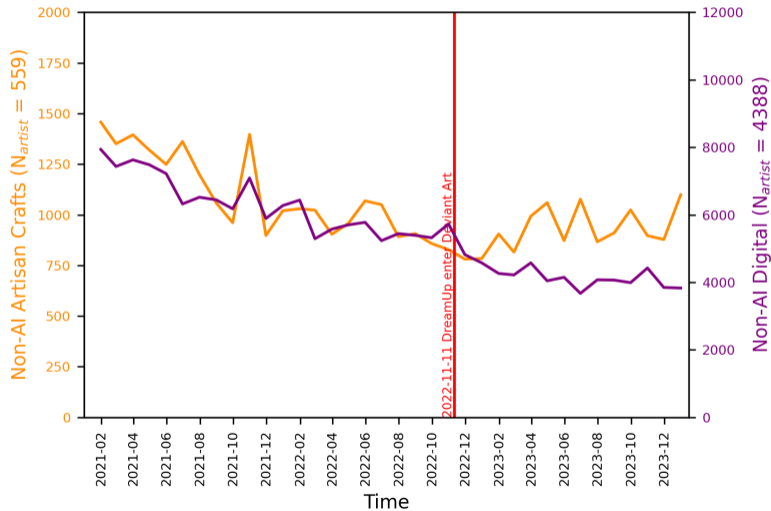
Non-AI Artists specialize in **Digital Arts**

- ▶ Usually made with Adobe Photoshop, Procreate on drawing tablets or iPad
- ▶ Dragons, fantasy, wallpapers, etc.
- ▶ **More exposed to AI**



# Identification Strategy: Difference-in-Differences

Similar Trends Before Shock



# Results

## Result 1: 21% Decline of Publication Volume on DeviantArt

$$Artwork_{it} = \beta Post_t \times Treated_i + \delta_i + \delta_t + \epsilon_{it}$$

Table 1: Effect on Artist Publication Volume

Sample:	All Users	Instagram Users	Instagram Users
Dep Var:	Artworks on DeviantArt	Artworks on DeviantArt	Artworks on Instagram
	(1)	(2)	(3)
$Post_t \times Treated_j$	-0.24*** (0.09)	-0.27* (0.14)	-0.06 (0.07)
Implied %Change	-21%	-24%	-6%
Artist FE	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y
N(Artist-Month)	178,092	52,812	52,812
N(Artists)	4,947	1,467	1,467
Pseudo $R^2$	0.52	0.41	0.46

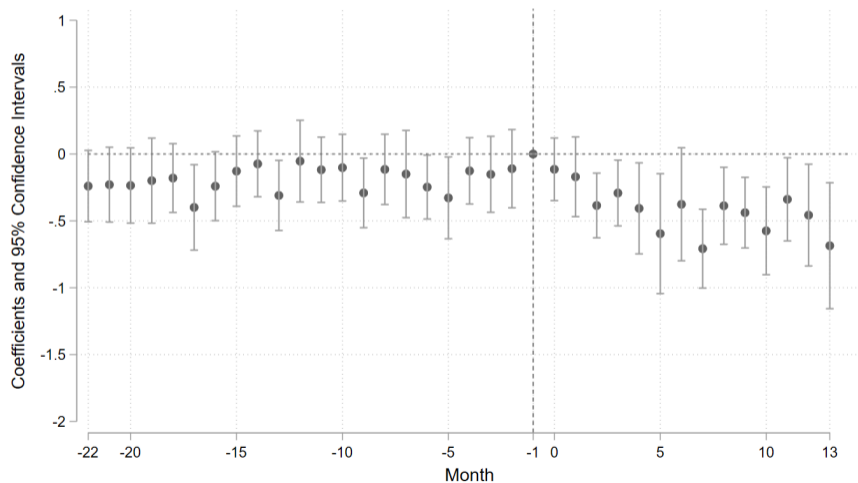
Notes: \*\*\* denotes significance at 1 percent, \*\* at 5 percent, and \* at 10 percent. Standard errors are clustered at artist level.

Likely to be an **underestimation**: By the time I started collecting the data, some artists have already deactivated their accounts. [robustness check](#)

# Result 1: 21% Decline of Publication Volume on DeviantArt

Pre-Trend

$$Artwork_{it} = \sum_t \beta_t Treated_i \times Month_t + \delta_i + \delta_t + \epsilon_{it}$$



# Not Producing or Not Disclosing?

## Example of hermit-homeboy

**hermit-homeboy**  
Escape Reality  
220 Watchers | 14 Deviations | 39.9K Pageviews

Home Gallery Favourites Posts About

Latest Deviations

NO TO AI GENERATED IMAGES

Deviation Spotlight

About hermit-homeboy

Artist // Professional // Film & Animation

Canada Deviant for 18 years glenmanalo.com

He / Him

MY BIO

INSTAGRAM

hermithomeboy Follow

163 posts 265 followers 939 following

Glen he/him

hermithomeboy

Layout Artist | Game Artist  
Vancouver -> Toronto  
@chemporado  
store.steampowered.com/app/505460/Foxhole

Posts

Reels

Tagged

Grid of images including a character in a black suit, a woman in a purple outfit, a Snoopy illustration, and a green line drawing.



## Result 2: No Reduction on Instagram, Only on DeviantArt

$$Artwork_{it} = \beta Post_t \times Treated_i + \delta_i + \delta_t + \epsilon_{it}$$

Table 2: Effect on Artist Publication Volume

Sample:	All Users	Instagram Users	Instagram Users
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# Roadmap

**Motivation**

**Data**

**Identification Strategy**

**Results**

1. ↓21% publication volume
2. ↓ disclosure, not in production

} ↓volume knowledge spillover

# Roadmap

**Motivation**

**Data**

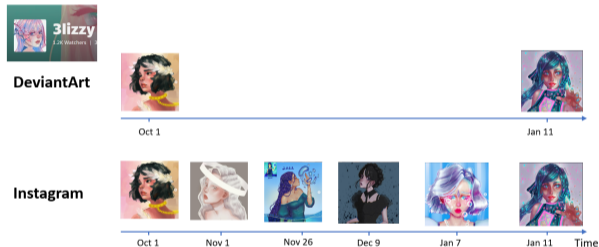
**Identification Strategy**

**Results**

1. ↓21% publication volume
  2. ↓ disclosure, not in production
  3. Effect on **Quality** of future artworks?
- } ↓volume knowledge spillover

# Are They Withholding High-Quality Artworks from DeviantArt?

Compare Quality of “Only-Instagram” and “Also-DeviantArt”



$$y_{ijt}^{Ins} = \beta_1 Post_t \times Matched_j + \beta_2 Matched_j + \mu_i + \mu_t + \epsilon_{ijt}$$

## Match Artworks Across Platforms

1. For a given artist, each pair ( $Artwork^{Ins}$ ,  $Artwork^{DA}$ ), calculate similarity score based on **title, date, description, tags**
2.  $m \times n$  matrix of similarity scores
3. Match artworks using Hungarian Algorithm
4. Randomly sample 150 artworks and manually check: 85% correct

## Result 3: No Evidence of Withholding High-Quality Artworks

Compare Quality of “Only-Instagram” and “Also-DeviantArt”

$$y_{ijt}^{Ins} = \beta_1 Post_t \times Matched_j + \beta_2 Matched_j + \mu_i + \mu_t + \epsilon_{ijt}$$

Table 3

Dep Var	<i>Likes</i> <sup>Ins</sup>	<i>Comments</i> <sup>Ins</sup>
	(1)	(2)
<i>Post</i> <sub>t</sub> × <i>Matched</i> <sub>j</sub>	0.07 (0.10)	-0.03 (0.06)
<i>Matched</i> <sub>j</sub>	0.09* (0.05)	0.11*** (0.03)
Artist FE	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y
N(Artwork)	145,202	145,265
Pseudo R <sup>2</sup>	0.77	0.62

Notes: \*\*\* denotes significance at 1 percent, \*\* at 5 percent, and \* at 10 percent. Standard errors are clustered at artist level.

## Are Better Artists Withholding More?

- ▶ Quality can change not only at the intensive margin, but also extensive margin
- ▶ If better artists withhold more, quality of artworks can still decrease

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- ▶ Measure artists quality with **artist fixed effects** following Waldfogel(2012):

$$downloads_{ijt}^{DA} = f(date_{ijt}^{collect\ data} - date_{ijt}^{publish}) + \mu_i + \mu_{month} + \epsilon_{ijt}$$

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- ▶ Quality measured based on artworks prior to the regression period
- ▶ Divide digital artists evenly into high, median, low quality groups



## Result 4: Better Artists Do Not Withhold More

$$Artwork_{it} = \sum_{m \in \{High, Median, Low\}} \beta^m Post_t \times Treated_i^m + \delta_i + \delta_t + \epsilon_{it}$$

If  $\beta^{High} < \beta^{Median} < \beta^{Low} < 0$ , better artists withhold more.

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If  $\beta^{High} < \beta^{Median} < \beta^{Low} < 0$ , better artists withhold more.

Table 4: Similar Effects Between Artists of Different Quality

Dep Var Quality Measured By	<i>Artwork<sub>it</sub></i>			
	Downloads (1)	Favorites (2)	Views (3)	Comments (4)
<i>Post<sub>t</sub> × Treated<sub>i</sub><sup>High</sup></i>	-0.24** (0.10)	-0.25*** (0.09)	-0.22** (0.09)	-0.18** (0.09)
<i>Post<sub>t</sub> × Treated<sub>i</sub><sup>Median</sup></i>	-0.32*** (0.10)	-0.23** (0.09)	-0.27*** (0.10)	-0.31*** (0.10)
<i>Post<sub>t</sub> × Treated<sub>i</sub><sup>Low</sup></i>	-0.17* (0.10)	-0.25** (0.11)	-0.24** (0.10)	-0.24** (0.11)
Artist FE	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y
N(Artist-Month)	140,364	140,364	140,364	140,364
Pseudo <i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.52

Notes: \*\*\* denotes significance at 1 percent, \*\* at 5 percent, and \* at 10 percent. Standard errors are clustered at artist level.

# Conclusion

How do copyright concerns related to AI training data impact the decision of creators?

1. Diff-in-Diff: ↓ 21% in publication volume
2. ↓ disclosure, not in production
3. No evidence of quality change
  - ▶ Not selectively withholding high-quality artworks for a given artist (intensive margin)
  - ▶ Better artists do not withhold more (extensive margin)

**Thank You!**

All comments and suggestions are welcomed!

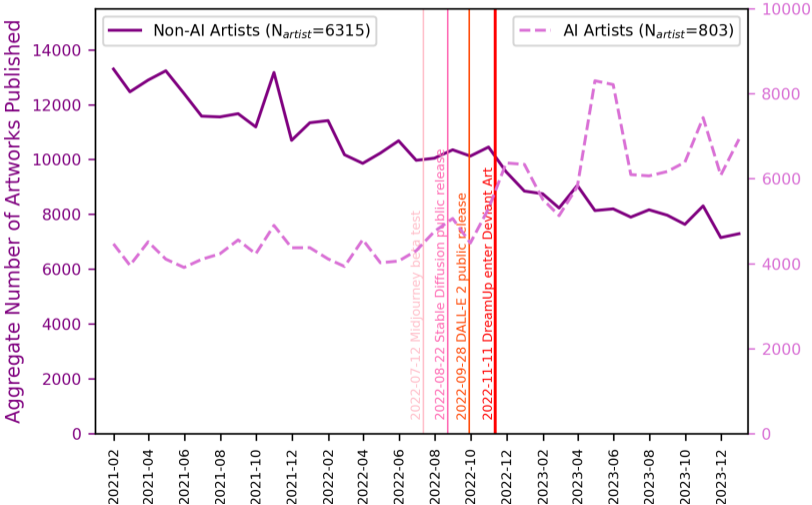
[sijie.lin@mail.utoronto.ca](mailto:sijie.lin@mail.utoronto.ca)

# Literature

1. Copyright concerns associated with generative AI
  - ▶ Theory: ↓ monopoly profits of original creators, welfare implication under different copyright regimes, data availability (Gans 2024; Yang&Zhang 2024)
  - ▶ Empirical: ↓ availability of training data (Huang, Fu&Ghose 2023; Peukert, Abeillon, Haese, Kaiser&Staub 2024)
  - ▶ This paper: ↓ disclosure, not in production; AI adopters ↑ publication volume by 55%-60%
2. Effect of piracy on revenue of information products
  - ▶ ↓ sales due to displacement (Hui&Png 2003; Rob&Waldfogel 2006, 2007; Zentner 2006)
  - ▶ ↑ sales due to word-of-mouth (Aguiar&Martens 2016; Givon, Mahajan&Muller 1995; Peukert, Claussen&Kretschmer 2007; Oberholzer-Gee&Strumpf 2007; Blackburn 2004)
  - ▶ This paper: even if AI art does not divert consumers' attention away from them, non-AI artists still withhold artworks
3. Impact of copyright protection on innovation and knowledge diffusion
  - ▶ ↑ prices, ↓ knowledge diffusion (Reimers 2019)
  - ▶ ↑ quantity, ↑ quality of new products (Giorcelli&Moser 2020)
  - ▶ This paper: volume of innovation remains unchanged, knowledge diffusion ↓

# Appendix: Time Trends

AI artists increase publication, while Non-AI artists decrease



# Appendix: Difference in Differences

## Summary Statistics

Table 5: Summary Statistics

	Artisan Crafts Artists				Digital Art Artists			
	Mean	Min	Max	sd	Mean	Min	Max	sd
Monthly Pre-Period Artworks	1.97	0	369	11	1.43	0	474	5.00
Profile Pageviews	1.05e+05	639	3.25e+06	2.30e+05	2.81e+05	799	5.38e+07	1.14e+06
Followers	1977	11	6.31e+04	4727	6613	5.00	6.76e+05	1.96e+04
<i>Views</i> <sup>DA</sup> per Artwork	5586	15	1.09e+06	4.04e+04	1.80e+04	14	5.49e+06	7.42e+04
<i>Downloads</i> <sup>DA</sup> per Artwork	5.85	0	1253	34	16	0	2.25e+04	102
<i>Favourites</i> <sup>DA</sup> per Artwork	39	0	2486	89	182	0	1.09e+04	400
<i>Comments</i> <sup>DA</sup> per Artwork	2.42	0	151	6.50	6.07	0	2887	14
N(Artist)	559				4388			

Notes: Use panel from January 2021 to December 2023.

data

# Appendix: Difference in Differences

## Summary Statistics

Table 6: Summary Statistics

	Artisan Crafts Artists				Digital Art Artists			
	Mean	Min	Max	sd	Mean	Min	Max	sd
Monthly Pre-Period Artworks	1.75	0	67	4.87	1.60	0	271	4.86
Profile Pageviews	1.39e+05	1668	3.25e+06	3.35e+05	3.35e+05	799	1.04e+07	9.22e+05
Followers	2889	24	6.31e+04	7203	9252	33	3.43e+05	2.35e+04
Views <sup>DA</sup> per Artwork	1.19e+04	35	1.09e+06	5.42e+04	2.79e+04	19	1.64e+06	9.63e+04
Downloads <sup>DA</sup> per Artwork	19	0	955	60	20	0	7042	116
Favourites <sup>DA</sup> per Artwork	91	0	2486	144	256	0	1.09e+04	503
Comments <sup>DA</sup> per Artwork	2.51	0	90	4.59	7.82	0	373	16
Likes <sup>Ins</sup> per Artwork	800	0	2.23e+05	4362	2024	0	1.29e+06	9114
Comments <sup>Ins</sup> per Artwork	13	0	1.17e+04	73	15	0	7906	67
N(Artist)	170				1297			

Notes: Use panel from January 2021 to December 2023.



# Result 1: 21% Decline of Publication Volume on DeviantArt

## Extensive Margins

$$Stay_{it} = \beta Treated_i \times Month_t + \delta_i + \delta_t + \epsilon_{it}$$

Table 7: Effect on Artist Publication Volume at Extensive Margin

	(1) Linear Probability Model	(2) Logit
$Post_t \times Treated_i$	-0.02 (0.01)	-32.82 (36453.91)
Artist FE	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y
N(Artist-Month)	178,092	143,100
N(Artist)	4,931	3,966
$R^2$	0.66	
Pseudo $R^2$		0.46

Notes: \*\*\* denotes significance at 1 percent, \*\* at 5 percent, and \* at 10 percent. Standard errors are clustered at artist level.

Possibly because those who chose to exit had already deactivated accounts before data collection

# Appendix: Difference in Differences

## Robustness Check

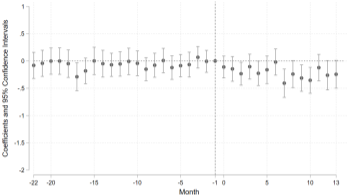
Table 8: Effect on Artist Publication Volume

	Baseline Estimation		Winsorize 99% of Dep Var		Drop 1% Largest SD. Artists	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	PPML	OLS	PPML	OLS	PPML	OLS
$Post_t \times Treated_i$	-0.24*** (0.09)	-0.17 (0.12)	-0.15** (0.06)	-0.13* (0.07)	-0.21** (0.09)	-0.24** (0.10)
Pre-Treatment Mean		1.43		1.27		1.40
Implied %Change	-21%	-12%	-14%	-10%	-19%	-17%
Artist FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
N(Artist-Month)	178,092	178,092	178,092	178,092	176,616	176,616
N(Artist)	4,947	4,947	4,947	4,947	4,906	4,906
$R^2$		0.57		0.51		0.39
Pseudo $R^2$	0.52		0.45		0.48	

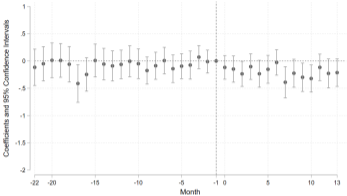
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# Appendix: Difference in Differences

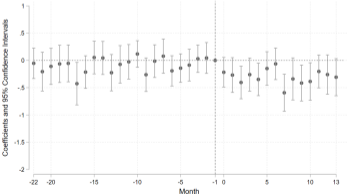
## Robustness Check



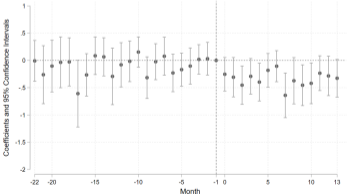
(a) Winsorize PPML



(b) Winsorize OLS



(c) Drop 1% largest SD PPML  
main did



(d) Drop 1% largest SD OLS

# Are They Withholding High-Quality Artworks from DeviantArt?

## High Performance Correlation Across Platforms

$$y_{ijt}^{Ins} = \beta y_{ijt}^{DA} + \delta_i + \delta_t + \epsilon_{ijt}$$

Dep Var	<i>Likes<sup>Ins</sup></i>				<i>Comments<sup>Ins</sup></i>			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<i>Favorites<sup>DA</sup></i>	2.765*** (0.420)				0.014*** (0.002)			
<i>Comments<sup>DA</sup></i>		61.213*** (13.099)				0.535*** (0.074)		
<i>Downloads<sup>DA</sup></i>			1.573** (0.789)				0.010* (0.005)	
<i>Views<sup>DA</sup></i>				0.005*** (0.001)				0.000*** (0.000)
Artists FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
N(Artwork)	35,655	35,655	35,655	35,655	35,655	35,655	35,655	35,655
R <sup>2</sup>	0.48	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.48	0.46	0.46

Notes: \*\*\* denotes significance at 1 percent, \*\* at 5 percent, and \* at 10 percent. Standard errors are clustered at artist level.

compare quality on instagram

# Roadmap

## Motivation

## Data

## Identification Strategy

## Results

1. ↓21% publication volume
  2. ↓ disclosure, not in production
  3. Artists do not selectively withhold high-quality artworks
  4. Better artists do not withhold more
- } ↓volume knowledge spillover

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1. ↓21% publication volume
  2. ↓ disclosure, not in production
  3. Artists do not selectively withhold high-quality artworks
  4. Better artists do not withhold more
  5. Is this withholding driven by shifted attention towards AI art?
- } ↓volume knowledge spillover
- } Quality Unchanged

## Result 5: Consumer Attention Remains Unchanged

- ▶ Is this reduction caused by AI artists diverting consumer attention away from non-AI digital artists?

Table 9: Similarly Engagement with Audience per Artwork as Before

Dep Var	Views (1)	Downloads (2)	Favorites (3)	Comments (4)
$Post_t \times Treated_i$	0.02 (0.15)	1.10 (0.89)	-0.06 (0.09)	-0.04 (0.08)
Implied %Change	2%	200%	-0.06%	-0.04%
Artist FE	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y
N(Artwork)	233,482	157,028	233,459	231,061
Pseudo $R^2$	0.59	0.81	0.82	0.52



## Result 5: Consumer Attention Remains Unchanged

- ▶ Is this reduction caused by AI artists diverting consumer attention away from non-AI digital artists?

Table 10: Conditional on Being Seen, Similarly Engagement as Before

Dep Var	(1) <u>Downloads</u> Views	(2) <u>Favorites</u> Views	(3) <u>Comments</u> Views
$Post_t \times Treated_i$	-0.82 (3.50)	-11.60 (13.07)	29.05* (17.17)
Implied %Change	-5%	-5%	217%
Artist FE	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y
N(Artwork)	233,482	233,482	233,482
$R^2$	0.23	0.54	0.16

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No, ↓ publication volume more likely to be caused by fear of future competition or anger.

# Roadmap

## Motivation

## Data

## Identification Strategy

## Results

1. ↓21% publication volume
  2. ↓ disclosure, not in production
  3. Artists do not selectively withhold high-quality artworks
  4. Better artists do not withhold more
  5. Withholding not driven by ↓attention of audience, but fear of future competition
- } ↓volume knowledge spillover
- } Quality Unchanged

# Roadmap

## Motivation

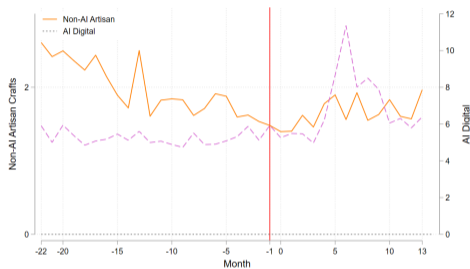
## Data

## Identification Strategy

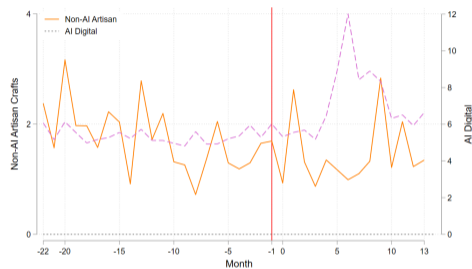
## Results

1. ↓21% publication volume
  2. ↓ disclosure, not in production
  3. Artists do not selectively withhold high-quality artworks
  4. Better artists do not withhold more
  5. Withholding not driven by ↓attention of audience, but fear of future competition
  6. Do AI adopters publish more?
- } ↓volume knowledge spillover
- } Quality Unchanged

## Result 6: 11% Incumbents Adopted AI and $\uparrow$ 55%-60% Publication Volume

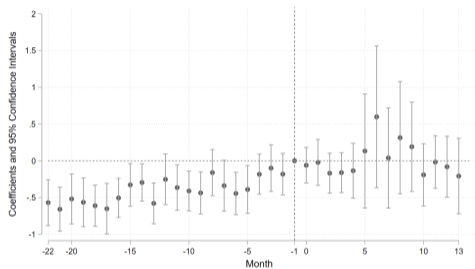


(a) Before Propensity Score Matching

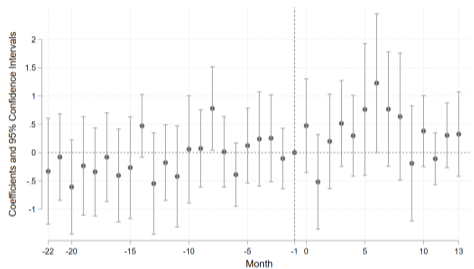


(b) After Propensity Score Matching

# Result 6: 11% Incumbents Adopted AI, and $\uparrow$ 55%-60% Publication Volume



(a) Baseline Estimation PPML



(b) Propensity Score Matching PPML

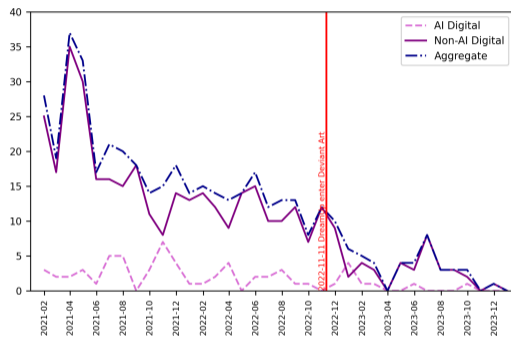
## Result 6: 11% Incumbents Adopted AI, and $\uparrow$ 55%-60% Publication Volume

Table 11: AI Artists Publication Volume Change

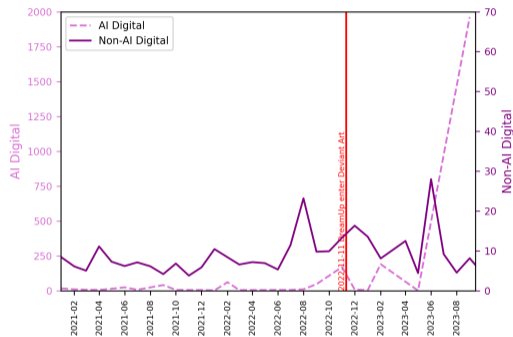
	Baseline Estimation (1)	Propensity Score Matching (2)
$Post_t \times Treated_i$	0.44** (0.20)	0.47* (0.25)
Implied %Change	55%	60%
Artist FE	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y
N(Artist-Month)	39,528	21,528
N(Artist)	1,098	598
N(Artist in Control)	559	99
N(Artist in Treatment)	539	499
Pseudo $R^2$	0.65	0.63

Notes: \*\*\* denotes significance at 1 percent, \*\* at 5 percent, and \* at 10 percent. Standard errors are clustered at artist level. Single nearest neighbor matching is used in column (2).

## Result 6: Few but Very Productive Entrants



(a) Number of Digital Artist Entrants



(b) Avg Monthly Artworks of Digital Artist Entrants within First 3 Months of Entry



# Conclusion

How do copyright concerns related to AI training data impact the decision of creators?

1. Diff-in-Diff: ↓ 21% in publication volume
2. ↓ disclosure, not in production
3. No evidence of quality change
  - ▶ Not selectively withholding high-quality artworks for a given artist (intensive margin)
  - ▶ Better artists do not withhold more (extensive margin)
4. Not driven by current ↓ attention from audience, but fear of future competition
5. AI adopters ↑55%-60% publication volume, new entrants publish significantly more